
Risposte

Q1. $\mathbf{R} = -e_x + 3e_y + 4e_z$ $\mathbf{M}_O = -3e_x - 3e_y + e_z$ $\mathcal{I} = -2$

$$x = -\frac{9}{26}e_x - \lambda \quad y = -\frac{11}{26} + 3\lambda \quad z = \frac{3}{13} + 4\lambda.$$

Q2.

$$\boldsymbol{\omega} = \frac{5v_0}{R}e_z \quad \mathbf{v}_D = -\frac{v_0}{2}[e_x + (6 + 5\sqrt{3})e_y]$$

$$x_{\text{c.i.r.}} = \frac{3}{5}R \quad y_{\text{c.i.r.}} = \frac{2}{5}R$$

$$x_G = -\frac{1}{2}R \quad y_G = \frac{5}{6}R$$

$$I_{G,e_y} = \frac{25}{4}mR^2$$

$$\text{Quadrato: } I_{CD} = \left(\frac{583+108\sqrt{3}}{64}\right)mR^2 \quad \text{Anello: } I_{CD} = \frac{3}{2}mR^2 \quad \text{Rettangolo: } I_{CD} = \frac{4}{3}mR^2$$

Q3.

$$T = 10m\ell^2\dot{\vartheta}^2 + \frac{m}{2}(\dot{s}^2 + s^2\dot{\vartheta}^2)$$

$$V = \frac{3mg}{2\ell}s^2 - mgs \cos \vartheta - 10mg\ell \cos \vartheta$$

(s, ϑ) all'equilibrio e stabilità: $(\frac{\ell}{3}, 0)$, stabile.

$$\omega_1 = \sqrt{\frac{3g}{\ell}}$$

$$\omega_2 = \sqrt{\frac{93g}{181\ell}}$$